

Secondary School Examination
SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT – II, 2011
MARKING SCHEME
SOCIAL SCIENCE
Class – X

General Instructions :

1. The Marking Scheme provides general guidelines to reduce subjectivity and maintain uniformity. The answers given in the marking scheme are the best suggested answers.
2. Marking be done as per the instructions provided in the marking scheme. (It should not be done according to one's own interpretation or any other consideration). Marking Scheme be strictly adhered to and religiously followed.
3. Alternative methods be accepted. Proportional marks be awarded.
4. If a question is attempted twice and the candidate has not crossed any answer, only first attempt be evaluated and 'EXTRA' written with second attempt.
5. In case where no answers are given or answers are found wrong in this Marking Scheme, correct answers may be found and used for valuation purpose.

1 A.	c	OR	1
1 B.	d		1
2 A.	b	OR	1
2 B.	c		1
3.	c		1
4.	d		1
5.	d		1
6.	b		1
7.	b		1
8.	c		1

- | | | |
|-----------|--|---------|
| 9. | c | 1 |
| 10. | a | 1 |
| 11. | c | 1 |
| 12. | d | 1 |
| 13. | d | 1 |
| 14. | c | 1 |
| 15. | a | 1 |
| 16. | c | 1 |
| 17 A. | (i) The ideas of La Patrie (the fatherland) and le citoyen (the citizen) emphasised the notion of united community / enjoying equal rights under constitution.
(ii) A new French flag, the tricolor was chosen to replace the royal standard.
(iii) Estates General was renamed the National Assembly.
(iv) New hymns were composed and martyrs commemorated all in the name of nation.
(v) A centralised system of administration was introduced, uniform laws for all citizens.
(vi) French language as spoken and written in Paris became common language.
Any three or other relevant points. | 3x1=3 |
| OR | | |
| 17 B. | Effects on U. S. A.
(i) Created strong reaction even within U. S. as U. S. had failed to achieve its objectives and Vietnamese resistance had not been crushed.
(ii) Thousands of U. S. Soldiers has lost their life & Countless citizens/ civilians
(iii) Many became disillusioned with U. S. Act after observing the first T. V. war
(iv) The war was taken as the greatest threat to peace, to national self determination and institutional Co-operation
Any three points or other relevant points to be explained. | 3x1=3 |
| 18. | March 1919, in Bombay
To defend the temporal powers of the Khalifa of Turkey, the spiritual head of Islamic World | 1+1+1=3 |
| 19. | (i) Potential Sources of Biogas : Shrubs, farm wastes, animal and human waste etc.
(ii) Benefits of Biogas : Provide fuel energy and improves the quality of manure.
Any other relevant point to be explained. | 1+2=3 |
| 20. | Shifting of Sugar Industries to Southern states :
(i) Sugar cane has higher sucrose content
(ii) Favourable climate provides longer crushing period and growing season.
(iii) Co-operatives are successful in these states. | 3x1=3 |

- (iv) Modern mills having more crushing capacity.
 - (vi) Any other relevant points.
- Any three points to be explained.

- 21.** Industries are responsible for four types of pollution i.e. : **3x1=3**
 (a) Air (b) Water (c) Noise (d) Land
 Brief description of any three of these causes of pollution.
- 22.** (i) They try to gain public support and sympathy for their goals and their activity by carrying out information campaign **3x1=3**
 (ii) Organising meetings and file petitions
 (iii) Try to influence media into giving more attention to public issues.
 (iv) They organise protest activity like strikes or disrupt government programmes.
 (v) Organise professional lobbyists
 Any other relevant point
 Any three points to be explained.
- 23.** It provides democratic methods to **3x1=3**
 (i) Reduce the possibilities of tension
 (ii) It evolve mechanism to negotiate the differences
 (iii) By expanding democratic rights to minority and weaker sections of society.
 (iv) By ensuring the dignity and equal rights to all individuals
 Any other relevant points.
 Any three points to be explained
- 24.** (i) Democracy enhances the dignity and honour of the people by granting rights to the citizens. **3x1=3**
 (ii) It improves the quality of decision making.
 (iii) Promotes equality among the citizens.
 (iv) Allows rooms to correct mistakes.
 (v) It provides democratic method to resolve the issues of life.
 Any other relevant points.
 Any three points to be explained
- 25.** Foundational challenge : **3x1=3**
 - Transition to democracy
 - Establishment of democratic institution
 - Bringing down the existing democratic government.
 E.g. - Democratic Government in Nepal
 Challenges of Expansion :
 - Application of democratic principles in all regions and social groups and various institutions.
 - Ensuring greater power to local government.
 - Extension of Federal Principles -
 India / S. Africa
 Any other relevant points.
 Examples are expected.

26. Telecommunication facilities are used to contact and communicate and to access information. 3
Internet includes transfer of technology, money and capital across countries. Speedy transfer of information technology money + capital integrates different countries of the world.
27. (i) Total supply of steel in China will increase. Steel companies in China will feel the pressure and competition from India. 1+1+1=3
They will have to improve their productivity and keep their cost of production and prices in line with those of Indian companies.
(ii) Steel companies in India will have larger demand for their products. They can plan additional investment so as to raise production capacities.
(iii) Other Chinese industries will have access to increased supply of steel. Steel prices will be brought under control. Cost of production for other industries using steel will be reduced and may result in expansion of demand.
28. Measures : 3x1=3
(i) Legislative measures.
(ii) Administrative measures.
(iii) Technical measures.
Explanation of these measures required.
29. Consumer is exploited in the following ways : 1+1+1=3
(a) Deceptive Advertising
(b) Unreasonable prices
(c) Adulteration
(d) Underweight
(e) Poor quality products.
Any other relevant points.
Any three points to be explained
- 30.A. The term Balkan refers to a region of ethnic and geographical variation located in Eastern Europe including small states like Romania, Bulgaria, Greece etc. 1+3=4
Causes :
(i) The spread of revolutionary nationalism and the idea of romantic nationalism in Balkan.
(ii) Disintegration of Ottoman empire
(iii) Clash between imperialists and nationalist forces.
(iv) Clash amongst the Western European imperialists to capture on or other region.
(v) Racial and Ethnic clashes of identity and supremacy.
Any other relevant points.
Any three points to be explained.

OR

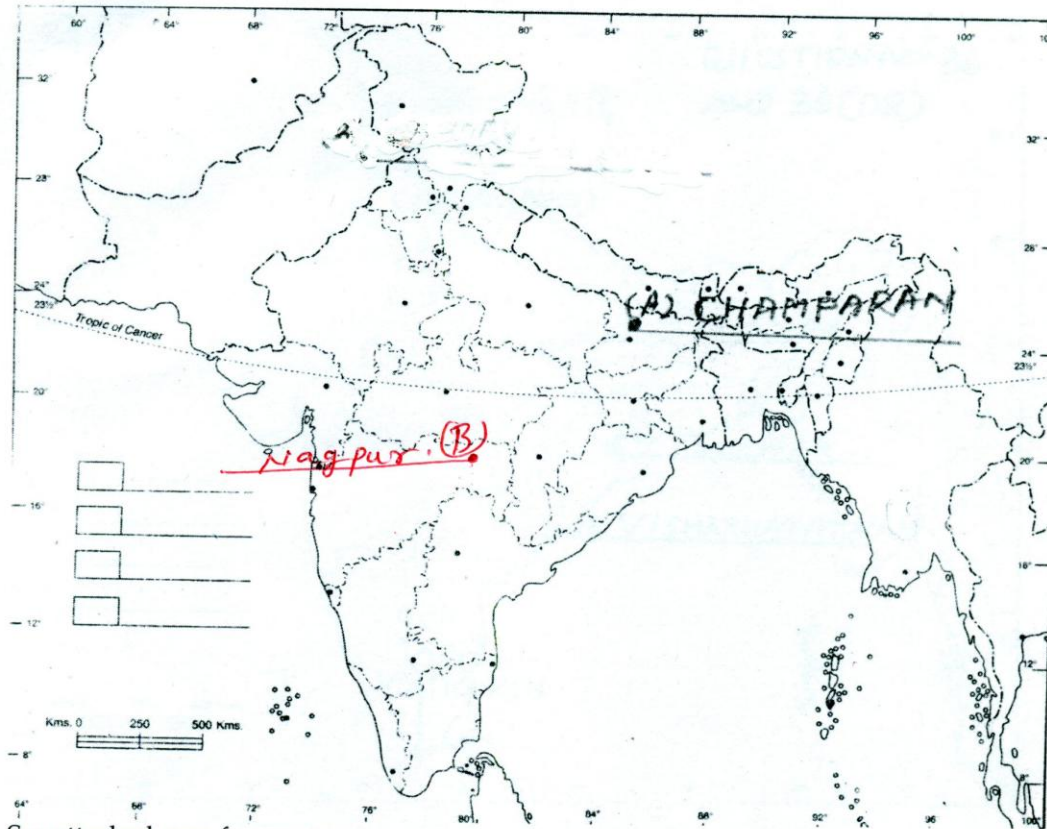
- 30.B.** Ho Chi Minh was the founder of Vietnamese communist party. Contribution of Ho-Chi-Minh :
- I. In 1930, he brought together competing nationalist groups to establish Vietnamese communist party.
 - II. He was inspired by the militant demonstration of the European communist parties.
 - III. In 1940 Japanese occupied Vietnam so now they had to fight against the Japanese as well as French.
 - IV. A league called 'viet Minh' was formed to fight with Japanese and they got back Hanoi in 1945. (Any three)
- 31.** The limitations of Civil Disobedience movement 1930-34. **4x1=4**
- (i) The inclination of untouchables or Dalits to Depressed class movement and their indifferent attitude towards this movement.
 - (ii) Indifferent or Partial co-operation of Traders and businesses due to growing influence of Marxian Socialism in India.
 - (iii) Lukewarm response of Muslim political organisation.
 - (iv) Industrial workers stayed aloof.
 - (v) Indifferent attitude of Peasant, after Gandhi-Irwin pact 1931.
- Any other relevant points.
Any four limitations to be explained.
- 32.** Advantages of roadways : **4x1=4**
- (i) Cost of construction is lower than railways.
 - (ii) Roadways can be constructed on all types of topographical features.
 - (iii) It is convenient for short and medium distance travel.
 - (iv) It provides door to door services.
 - (v) It acts as a feeder to other modes of transportation.
 - (vi) It is convenient mode for carrying perishable commodities.
 - (vii) Any other relevant points.
- Any four points to be explained.
- 33.** Political parties : **4x1=4**
- (i) Upholds modern democratic setup.
 - (ii) Party less democracy has been an Utopian vision.
 - (iii) Contest elections - electoral functions.
 - (iv) Form and run democratic government.
 - (v) Formulate government policies and programmes.
 - (vi) Significant role in law-making procedure and decision-making.
- Any other relevant points.
Any four points to be explained.
- 34.** The banks maintain a minimum cash balance out of the deposits they receive, known as cash reserve ratio. The RBI makes sure that the banks give loans not just to profit-making business or traders but also to small cultivators and other small borrowers. traders but also to small cultivators and other small borrowers. Banks have to submit information to the RBI on how much and to whom they are lending and at what rate of interest. **1+1+1+1=4**

35. Map. 1+1=2
A - Champaran
B - Nagpur

OR

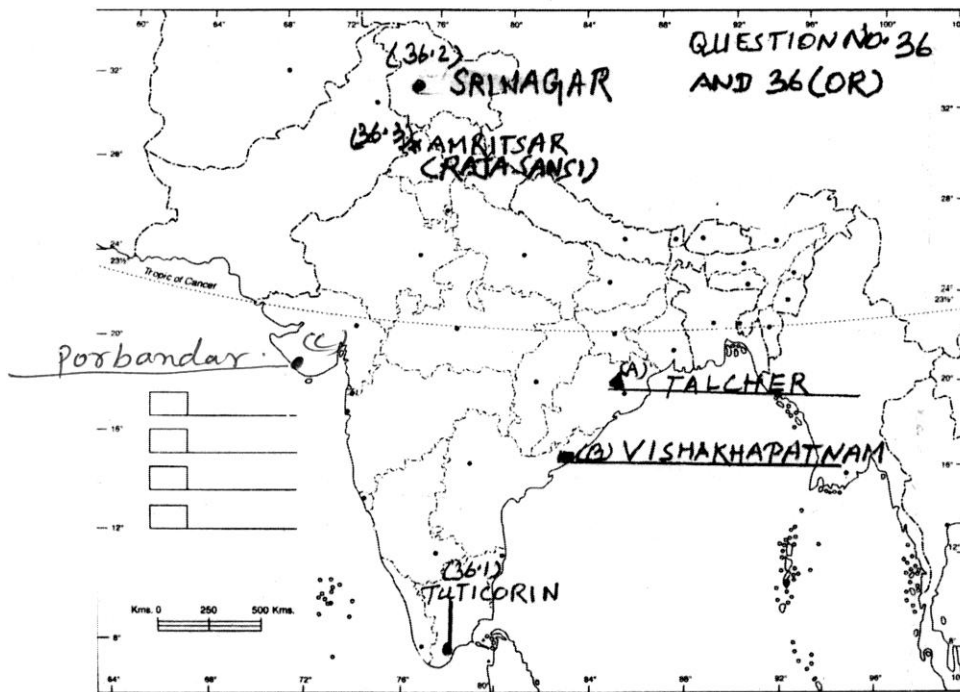
Solved map attached.

35. 2x1=2



See attached map for answers.

36. See attached map for answers.
FOR BLIND CANDIDATES :
36.1 - Vishakhapatnam
36.2 - Porbandar
36.3 - Punjab.



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